

THE BRITISH COLONIST.
Thursday Morning, August 22, 1867.
TO ADVERTISERS.
Transients advertisements must be paid for in advance.
TO AGENTS.
Settlements of accounts will be required monthly, or at such intervals as may be decided upon. The daily and weekly rates will be furnished at the lowest cash rates, and no exception will be made in future to this rule.

Spirit of the English Press.
The London Times, of June 11th, followed by the Advertiser of the 12th, recommends the Queen to appear more in public, as an act of policy. The Times says: "At this moment the Sovereigns of Russia and Prussia, with other princes of minor rank, are the guests of the Emperor Napoleon, within ten or twelve hours of Buckingham Palace and Windsor Castle. The Czar, in particular, who entertained the Prince of Wales last winter so magnificently, and who seldom comes so far west, ought surely to visit our capital. He cannot, however, visit it in her Majesty's absence, and our national character for hospitality is compromised by a contretemps for which the nation is not responsible. Were it possible in these stirring days for a Queen to withdraw from public life without losing her own constitutional position and weakening that of her successors, Queen Victoria might well claim that privilege. But this is not possible, and there is no true loyalty in disguising the inevitable results of such an experiment it carried on too long. The Advertiser believes 'there is a time to weep and a time to rejoice; and thinks a feeling of almost unnatural oppression will be removed from society whenever the last vestiges of Royal mourning are laid aside.' The St. James' Hall riots, when the Reformers drove the Conservatives out and took possession of the hall, is unanimously condemned by the Liberal party organs. The Morning Post of June 19th says the League may have the satisfaction of knowing that they have struck a very effective blow at the right of free public meetings of which they profess to be the special apostles. If it is really reduced to a question of physical force, the Standard, of June 19th, cannot doubt but there are among the loyal subjects of the Queen some stout arms who will be ready to maintain the good cause when the occasion comes. The Morning Star, of same date, is of opinion that the conveners of the meeting ought to have been allowed to hold their assembly, and would be sorry to say a single word which might seem to convey an approval of any proceedings which directly or indirectly tended to interfere with their unquestionable right. The shocking disclosures before the Sheffield Trades' Union Commission have filled the public mind of England with horror. The people and the authorities have at last awakened to a knowledge of the fact that a system of terrorism, scarcely less than that which prevailed in France during the revolution, has been adopted to further the ends of the leaders of the Trades' Societies. The Times, of June 22d, says: "The Union, it seems, is a burden too great for the men to bear, and nothing but fear will compel them to remain members of it. They must be forced into it by fire and sword. It is no wonder when we hear of men paying weekly contributions of 2s. 6d. and 4s. in the pound on their wages. Broadhead, indeed, exclaims, 'I would to God the whole system were swept away, and we were given legal powers.' It would doubtless relieve him of a very unpleasant responsibility if the whole power of the law could be brought to enforce the edicts of his Union. But the exclamation is a plain confession of what we are now observing, that these Unions, at least in Sheffield, would break up at once, if their power were not forcibly maintained by the rigorous tyranny of a few unscrupulous men. One man like Broadhead, with a few agents like Crooks, can maintain the laws of the trade more absolutely than the most despotic monarch. It is a frightful revelation, and it is hard to see what is to be the end of it." The Daily News of the same date says: "The crimes confessed by Broadhead and his instruments will not have been confessed in vain if they reveal to the artisans of Sheffield and of England to what fearful results the exclusive cultivation of the spirit of class and trade may lead, if it be not counterbalanced by wider sympathies, and enlightened by a larger economical knowledge than is common among working men. Feelings in themselves honourable and generous become depraved and malignant by being narrowed, and the boundaries of right and wrong are entirely effaced by ignorance and passion. The wealthier and better instructed orders of society cannot entirely escape blame for this state of things. They have stood aloof from the lower classes, and the result of this isolation is seen in the existence of what Mr. Disraeli has called two nations in England, sometimes at peace, sometimes at war, but never one in interest and sentiment. It is not suppressing the abused right of combination, or weakening the esprit de corps among artisans, that the evil can be cured; but by

the gradual infusion of sounder knowledge, the creation of wider interests, and the awakening of more comprehensive sympathies. The politics and the economy of the nation must absorb those of the class and craft." The Observer treating of the same subject ventures the opinion that "nothing but the strongest measures will root the evil out of Sheffield. These crimes could not have been perpetrated so systematically and for so long a period, and by constituted societies, unless they had been tolerated by public opinion. If the statement of Broadhead that he embezzled the money to pay for the worst cases be untrue, the seven committee men are equally implicated with himself. These are not individual instances, caused by the passions of individuals, but are the result of deep seated corruption and lamentable prejudice on the part of probably a large portion of the workpeople of that town. Believing that we must not make the House of Commons more democratic without at the same time making the House of Peers more effective, the Times of June 17th again urges their lordships no longer to stand idle. A member of the Upper House may propose what Bill he will, and there is before him the boundless field of debate. Our Indian policy involves cases of the quasi-judicial character, in which the House of Lords is peculiarly qualified to give aid. Who better able to throw light on the Irish land question than a house in which land is so fully represented? Then there is the whole range of foreign affairs, from which the House of Commons seems in a great measure to have retired, but which certainly should not be left exclusively in the hands of the Minister of the day. Could not some of the high authorities in the House of Peers—ex-chancellors, ex-ambassadors, ex-Secretaries of State—discuss with advantage our recent guarantee of Luxembourg? There are, too, the cases of the Tornado and the Victoria. Why was it not pointed out that in the former of these the law of nations did not sanction a demand founded on the difference between Spanish procedure and our own? We want a well weighed scheme for the government of the metropolis. Rather than do nothing at all, the House of Lords might have supplied us with one. It is too plain that it is not for want of work the House of Peers is idle. The Standard of June 17th thinks it might very well be the highest sagacity for England to incur a necessarily uncertain and remote liability to go to war, in order to prevent an immediate war, which must inevitably involve the whole of the Continent, and make some of its fairest portions so many vast charnel-houses. But it is needless to discuss that point. The real liability of England has not been increased. The guarantee of the neutrality of Luxembourg involves her in no further responsibilities than the guarantee of its possession to the King of Holland. By the new arrangement the liability of England, which before was certainly a serious one, has been minimized. The Morning Star of June 17th admits that, considering that the immediate and imminent danger to Europe was vast, the contingent responsibility imposed on us by the guarantee remote and small, Lord Stanley acted wisely in what he did. But at the risk of being deemed captious it declares there has been a good deal of exaggeration about the importance of the part England has played in the whole transaction. So far as the documents show, the most active influence in bringing about the settlement of the question was that of the Baron von Bunsen. One does not find that the English Minister initiated a single suggestion towards the settlement of the difficulty.

Aldridge, the Black Actor.
This celebrated negro tragedian is soon to appear in New York, according to the Times of that city, which says of him: "Ira Aldridge, it seems, is to be one of the early stars of the next regular theatrical season in this city. Mr. Aldridge, we believe, has been accepted among all colors of people in the other hemisphere as a tragedian of great strength. He has been a strong card in all the exceedingly Eastern places in which he has acted, and performed praises have followed him everywhere. Some lucky manager has had the happy thought to invite Ira to take a Western trip, and upon offering him some extremely fabulous amount, has induced him to revisit his native land and his adopted city. Ira, according to legend, acted in an African temple of the Muses in New York before he took his genius to foreign climes. The lucky manager whose enterprise has thus secured for the metropolis a new attraction, finds a single bitter drop in his cup of joy. His dreams of fortune flowing to his coffers present a phantom whose white hands stay the golden stream. This phantom reappears to the lucky manager in his waking hours also, and then it assumes the shape and character of a 'Leading Lady'; or, to leave technical phrases, an actress to play the heroines in Mr. Aldridge's performances. The rest of the company for the 'support' of the distinguished African are not hard to get, the lucky manager informs us, but so far as capable actresses has been found who would affiliate to the embraces of a 'Lead' or respond to the affections of a true-blooded Moor. By this it would appear that the passion for the 'real' which possesses so many managers, finds no response in the bosom of lovely woman, particularly if the lovely woman happens to be an actress, and is called upon to play 'Desdemona' to a genuine Carthaginian.

GENERAL GRANT has made another speech. He was introduced to the citizens of Wheeling by Governor Berean, at the conclusion of whose remarks it began to rain a little. The anxiously awaited reply of the great chief was, "Gentlemen, I hope you won't stay in the rain long."

Several duels have already occurred in Paris between editors of the city dailies and parties accused by the former of spreading the cry of *Vive la Pologne* at the time of the attack on the two Emperors.

By Electric Telegraph
SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST

LAST NIGHT'S DESPATCHES

Mexico.
New York, Aug. 17.—The Post's special says advices from Mexico announce that the Government has refused to deliver the body of Maximilian to the Austrian Government. The remains are buried in the cathedral at Queretaro.

The Plains.
Fort Sedgewick, Aug. 18.—The Pawnees to the number of fifty have had a fight with the hostile Indians near Plum Creek. They took fifteen scalps and two prisoners, and captured a large herd of stock. More than a mile of telegraph line is reported to be destroyed. Mr Ward, the telegraph operator at Plum Creek, and five of his men, are reported missing, and great fears were entertained for his safety.

The escort from Fort McPherson has not been able to get away. The Indians are now in sight of Fort Morgan.

Europe.
New York, Aug. 17.—Late European papers give the following news: The Abyssinian captives were cut off from the Emperor, both parties being surrounded by rebels. There is now no danger of their getting into his hands. English papers in commenting on this, say there will now be no expedition to Abyssinia.

Napoleon was to receive the great bodies of State on the 5th, and then leave on his visit to Francis Joseph.

The Gazette Italia states that the Garibaldian party proposes a movement to Virturbo.

It is expected that negotiations will be opened for a treaty of commerce between Prussia and Russia.

Three hundred and thirty-three deaths by cholera occurred in Sicily during the week ending, July 24th. The disease is spreading at an alarming rate.

A waterspout burst over the village of Patagonia, Sicily, lately, destroying forty houses, and damaging seventy. Ten persons were killed, and twenty eight injured by the falling buildings. 40,000 persons are houseless.

The Bishop of Orleans expresses apprehensions of the security of the Papal States, as some insidious plot against the Holy Father is matured.

London, Aug. 17.—A great rain storm continues throughout England, and it is thought that the crops have suffered extensively in some districts.

Parliament will be prorogued on the 21st.

A war vessel left Portsmouth for Ireland yesterday. She will take a regiment.

Florence, Aug. 17.—Carlotta is in better spirits and her mental condition is slightly improved. She knows that Maximilian is dead, but fancies that he died from fever.

Austria is prepared to join in the International Monetary Union.

The cholera has somewhat decreased at Rome; but is extremely violent at Frazonone, and the villages in the mountains.

A frightful accident had occurred on the great Italian railroad, by which thirteen persons were killed and twenty injured.

San Francisco Shipping.
San Francisco, Aug. 19.—Arrived, 18th—Ship Heloise, 10 days from Port Orchard; bark Buena Vista, 9 days from Teakaleat.

Cleared, 18th—Barks Entine and Emma Augusta for Port Townsend.

AUSTRALIA.
[DATES TO JUNE 1ST.]

Victoria.
A horrible murder was perpetrated on the 11th ult., in the Ballarat mining district. The victim was a Mr. T. U. Burke manager of the Bank of Australasia, Smythesdale, who when returning from gold buying, with about 500 ounces in his valise, was shot dead and robbed. His body was found next day. A bullet hole through the skull revealed the cause of death. Two men have been arrested on suspicion. Two other murders are amongst the records of the month.

The government has carried the ratification of the proceedings of the Postal Conference by a large majority. They have recently submitted a new education bill to parliament.

The Nelson war steamer is shortly expected from England, and will be manned in future by the local naval reserve force.

General Chute has succeeded General Carey as Commander of the forces in Australia.

Hitchens, the English champion billiard player, has recently defeated all the best players in the Colony, giving 800 points in 1000.

New South Wales.
The R. M. S. machine arrived at daylight this morning, punctually to her time, and as the Kalkhouna leaving here to-day has been delayed a few hours, merchants will be enabled to forward answers to their correspondence so as to complete the round of post to England in four months.

The two bushrangers Tom and John Clarke, long the terror of the southern districts, has been tried and condemned to death. The older brother's record of crime is seven murders, eleven mail robberies, thirty-six highway robberies of individuals. The younger brother participated in most of the offences. Both have been sentenced to death. Griffin, another of the gang, has been acquitted on one charge but will be tried again on others of a similar character. Cummings the bushranger has also been caught.

Sir John Young is likely to be succeeded in the governorship of the Colony by the Marquis of Northampton.

Scott, the bushranger, who assisted the Clarks in killing the secret police, was recently found murdered. It is thought that the Clarks put him out of the way.

Random Paragraphs.
A curious incident happened recently at Schoonah. A lady, who has some property and has been widely known as a handsome widow, after long living in single blessedness, yielded to the importunities of a lover and consented to be led to the nuptial altar. It was arranged that she should go in her carriage to the place where the ceremony was to come off, and there meet the expectant bridegroom. The lady stepped into the carriage, but was astonished by a gentleman stopping her after her, and declaring that he would go along and see her married. He was her husband, with whom she had not lived for years, but who had, it seems, kept accurately posted in regard to her movements. It is unnecessary to say that the wedding did not come off, and when the expectant bridegroom heard of the difficulty he vanished in hot haste.

The Emperor of Russia has caused a delicate souvenir to be transmitted, through the medium of his ambassador at Paris, to Mme. Labordia, who was slightly wounded in the attempt of June 5th, being an emerald in the shape of a heart surrounded with brilliants. The jewel was made in Russia, and bears the address of the jeweler at St. Petersburg.

The number of children in Convent schools between the ages of four and sixteen is 118,918, and the number of public schools 1,651. The school fund amounts to \$2,043,835, and the total amount expended last year was \$826,203.

Forney complained of the fifth that is thrown at him, and Prentiss suggests that it makes very little difference whether the fifth is thrown at Forney or Forney at the fifth.

A number of men engaged in iron ship-building in England have lost the sight of one of their eyes, from the iron chips which are constantly flying about while they are at work.

17,000,000 out of 23,000,000 of the Italian population are unable to read and write.

The Home Journal, organ of fashionable society, says the handsomest lady in America is Miss Emily Shomberg of Philadelphia.

Dr. Hall says that the secrets of health are six: Keep warm. Eat regular and slow. Maintain regular bodily habits. Take early and very light supper. Keep a clean skin. Get plenty of sleep at night.

ATTEMPTED REGICIDES—The danger to which the Czar was exposed the other day in the Bois de Boulogne (says the Pall Mall Gazette) is an ordeal from which few of his fellow sovereigns have been exempted. Even our own Queen, in spite of the loyalty and affection which attend her, has been four times attacked. There have been at least six plots to assassinate the Emperor Napoleon. In October, 1852, when Napoleon, who was on the eve of becoming Emperor, was at Marais, an infernal machine, formed by two hundred and fifty gun barrels, charged with one thousand and five hundred balls, was to have been discharged against the Prince and his cortege; but the design was not carried out. On July 5th, 1853, a fresh attempt was made to assassinate him as he was going to the Opera Comique. Twelve Frenchmen were arrested as being concerned in the conspiracy. On April 28th, 1855, Jean Liviardi fired two shots at the Emperor in the grand avenue of the Champ Elysees. In 1857, Tibaldi, Barolotti and Grillo came from England to Paris to assassinate the Emperor, but were discovered, arrested, tried and punished. On January 14, 1858, Orsini, G. mas, Pieri and Radio threw their shells at the Emperor. On December 24, 1863, Greco, Trabucco, Imperatore and Sanglioni, who had gone from London with the intention of killing the French Emperor, were arrested in Paris. The King of Prussia was fired at by Oscar Becker, a law student of Leipzig, at Baden on the 14th of July, 1861—the excuse given for the attack being that he was not capable of effecting the unity of Germany; and his Minister, Count Bismarck, had last year a narrow escape from young Blind. The Emperor of Austria, on February 18, 1853, was struck with a knife, in the neck, by a Hungarian named Libney; in 1858 an attempt was made on the life of Victor Emmanuel; and the Queen of Spain has been twice assailed. There is something very remarkable in the almost invariable failure of these attempts. In recent times only two rulers have fallen victims to assassination—the Duke of Parma, who, in 1854, was stabbed with a poisoned knife in the abdomen; and Abraham Lincoln, who was shot by Booth on April 14, 1865, in a Washington theatre.

Hereditary Disease.—The lives of thousands are blighted by hereditary disease. Yet it is curable. An alkali does not merely neutralize an acid but it also destroys it. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People does this. It is the only medicine which will act at once on the vitiated class, and prevent the progress of their being transmitted to the next generation. The result is a complete cure, and becomes as sound in every fibre, as though he had never known disease. Of course, to effect so great a change, it is necessary to continue the use of the Sarsaparilla a number of months. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills should at the same time be used in moderate doses.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Stomach, Liver and Bowels.—In all painful affections of the stomach, and disordered actions of the liver and bowels, one single trial of these Pills will demonstrate their power in restoring and renovating the system in a high degree. They speedily restore the appetite, lessen the unpleasant distention of the bowels, and remove the most distressing flatulencies and other serious abdominal ailments. Holloway's Pills afford the greatest comfort to the dyspeptic invalid without harshness or weakening the most sensitive constitution, or interfering materially with the ordinary duties, pleasures or pursuits. The simplicity and efficacy of this medicine is a recommendation to all who are afflicted with any of the above complaints, and who are desirous of procuring a safe and reliable remedy for their ailments.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD—strengthening the system, and curing all skin diseases, is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. It is the best preservative against all such ailments, and is a complete cure for all skin diseases, whether they be in the form of eruptions, pimples, or other affections of the skin. Full directions in English, French, Spanish, and German, with every package. TRY IT! For sale at all the wholesale and retail drug stores and groceries.

EMIL FREE, Wholesale Druggist, Sole Agent, 410 Chestnut St., San Francisco, Cal.

New Advertisements.

Victoria District Road Commission.
A MEETING OF THE VICTORIA DISTRICT ROAD COMMISSION will be held at the Land Office on SATURDAY, the 31st instant, and all parties having claims against the Road are requested to hand the same to the undersigned on or before that day.
W. J. MACDONALD, Chairman.
au22 1d

NOTICE.
THE OWNERS OF A BROWN COW, with white spots, are notified to call and pay damages and take the animal away on or before SATURDAY, August 24th, or said Cow will be sold to pay damages.
Apply to MRS. LIGHTSTEIN, Pandora street.
au22 1w

Liverpool Salt,
COARSE AND FINE.
FOR SALE BY J. A. MCCREA, Wharf street.
au22 1w2p

\$100 REWARD.
REWARD OF ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid to any person or persons who can give information as to the apprehension and conviction of
Charles E. Schlesinger,
upon a charge of Forgery, for forging the name of Henry Granbaum to a certain cheque on the Bank of British North America for the sum of Three Hundred Dollars, which cheque is dated the 21st day of August instant.
Dated this 21st day of August, 1867.
GEORGE PEAKES, Solicitor to the Bank of British North America.

DESCRIPTION.
Height about 5 feet 4 inches.
Age about 23 or 24 years.
Has prominent features.
Clean shaven.
Wears spectacles.
Dressed in a new suit of dark clothes, when last seen, and speaking English with a foreign accent, and is a German by birth.
au22 1w

Wanted Immediately.
A FREE AND ORDINARY SEAMAN FOR SHIPS bound to London, China and Australia.
Apply to J. K. NAGLE, Shipping Office, Near the Police Barracks, Victoria, V.I.
N.B.—For Sale, several Schooners, Sloops, and a New Racing Gigs, 34 feet long.
jy22 1m

The Market Exchange,
(LATE WILCOX'S HOTEL),
Corner of Fort and Wilcox streets.
JAMES MADY, Proprietor.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT HAVING been refitted and supplied with the very best Brands of Ales, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, will be reopened
ON MONDAY, the 22nd of JULY.
The subscriber having had many years' experience in the business, will be glad to attend to the wants of his old friends and customers.
jy22 1m

Firemen! Attention!
A DEPARTMENT DRILL WILL TAKE place on Saturday Afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at the Corner of Government and Yates streets.
By order, T. J. BURNES, Acting Chief Engineer, V. F. D.

FOR SALE.
A Yoke of Superior Work OXEN will be sold low.
Apply to J. R. ROBERTSON, At Patrick's Corner.
au21 1m

FOR LEASE.
A SOUTHERN RESIDENCE ON the south side of James' Bay. The House is of modern style, containing Ten Rooms, Barn, Out-houses, &c., together with Four Acres of superior land, laid out with Orchard, containing 200 trees, of every variety of choice fruit; kitchen, garden, &c.
To a good tenant, these premises will be rented low, for a term to suit the applicant.
Call on several superior Carriage or other Furniture can be purchased reasonably by a party wishing to lease.
Apply to M. W. GIBBS, On the Premises.
au21 1m

DENTISTRY.
DR. G. W. COOL, DENTIST, WILL operate in this City, the second on the Second or Third Monday in September, on Professional Business.
Victoria, B. C., Aug. 19th, 1867.
au20

Independent Candidate
FOR
CHIEF ENGINEER,
SAML. L. KELLY.
au16 1d

Firemen! Attention!
RENEW YOUR PLEDGES UNTIL the Nominations are made, for the approaching Election of Chief and Assistant Engineers.
au14

FISHING LINES
AND
SEINE TWINE.
For Sale by FINDLAY & DURMAN, Wharf street.
au20

REMOVAL.
MRS. HUBBARD,
Fashionable Milliner,
Begs to announce that she has removed her stock to
Fort Street,
Between Broad and Government Streets.
au20

New Advertisements

To Visitors from California, Oregon, the Sound, &c.
AT VICTORIA HOUSE,
CORNER OF FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS, VICTORIA, V.I.,
Will always be found a Large and Choice Assortment of
Dress Goods, Mantles, Millinery, Flowers, Laces, &c
At very Moderate Prices, and of the Latest Styles, the Goods being imported from Europe by Express Monthly.
The usual Assortment of Staple Goods, such as:
White & Printed Calicoes, Flannels, Linens, Blankets, Ticking, &c., &c.,
Also on Hand in Great Variety.
Wm. DENNY, Manager:
au11

ACCOUNT, SHOWING THE WHOLE AMOUNT OF THE DEBTS AND ASSETS OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, at the Close of the Year 1865; and showing also the Amount of its NOTES payable on Demand, which had been in Circulation during every Month of that year; together with the Amount of SPECIE and other ASSETS, distinguishing each kind, immediately available in every case, Month, for the Discharge of such Notes.
(Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation.)

| DEBTS. | Sterling. | Sh. s. d. | ASSETS. | Sterling. | Sh. s. d. |
|-------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Capital | 1,000,000 | 0 0 0 | Specie | 416,108 | 6 0 0 |
| Other Liabilities | 2,239,054 | 7 7 | Other Assets | 3,277,965 | 12 3 3 |
| | | | | £3,728,673 | 18 1 |

| 1866. | Notes in Circulation. | Specie. | Notes of other Banks. |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| January | 1,567,784 | 1,160,190 | 99,200 |
| February | 1,569,426 | 1,058,574 | 107,141 |
| March | 1,581,656 | 1,123,068 | 110,042 |
| April | 1,462,511 | 1,216,068 | 85,570 |
| May | 1,414,116 | 1,547,042 | 129,323 |
| June | 1,372,083 | 1,683,224 | 129,721 |
| July | 1,347,498 | 1,437,208 | 110,565 |
| August | 1,356,583 | 1,083,000 | 109,912 |
| September | 1,574,600 | 1,266,885 | 156,863 |
| October | 1,567,695 | 1,416,828 | 144,687 |
| November | 1,653,719 | 1,010,620 | 134,360 |
| December | 1,514,550 | 1,737,748 | 122,360 |

By order of the Court of Directors,
C. MCNAB, Secretary.
au8

ST. NICHOLAS BATHS!
THE UNDERSIGNED beg leave to announce to the public that in connection with their
Hair Dressing Saloon
FOUR ELEGANT
Bath Rooms!
FURNISHED IN A STYLE
Equal to any on the Pacific Coast.
N.B.—PRIVATE BATH ROOM FOR LADIES. Entrance on Yates street, third door from corner of Government.
LOUIS VIGELIUS, JOHN BECKER.
au12m2p

Encourage Home Manufacture!
When you can get it Better and Cheaper than to import it, which you can do by going to
DALBY & CO, Yates st.
If you want a TRUNK you can get one from \$1 50 to \$50.
If you want a VALISE you can get one from \$3 to \$20.
If you want a Set of HARNESSES, either Single or Double, Ladies' or Gent's' Riding Saddles, Riding Whips, Buggy Whips, or a First-class Collar.
Or if you want your Harness Repaired or Buggy Trimmed.
TRY DALBY & CO.,
As you will be sure to get it done much Cheaper and Better, and in less time than any other House in the City.
Sole Leather Trunks and Valises made to Order.
au6 1m

LONDON MARKET
Reynolds & Botterell,
Corner Yates & Douglas Streets,
J. MANDART, V. G.
au14 1d

ISLAND FED MEAT
Of the Finest Description, from their own Ranch.
Families and Shipping Orders promptly attended to. Contracts entered into for the supplies board H. M. Ships on favorable terms, and delivered carriage free.
au7

C. F. BARNARD, M. D.
Mechanical & Surgical Dentist.
OFFICE—Douglas street, first house on the right South of Fort street.
ALL BRANCHES OF THE Profession skillfully executed. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Chloroform, Ether, or "Rigolene Spray."
Charges for the Extraction of Adult Teeth and Children's Second Teeth, without "Spray" or Chloroform, \$1 each. Charge for Fittings and other Work, reduced, so as to conform somewhat to the necessity of the times.
Plates of Silver, Gold, or Vulcanite neatly, strongly and satisfactorily repaired, whether partially broken or completely divided in two. Advice gratis.
Victoria, V. I., B. C., Aug. 9th, 1867.
jy10 1p

MONEY TO LOAN.
IN SUMS TO SUIT, ON First Mortgage, on Approved Real Estate Security, at a low rate of interest.
Apply to H. F. HIRSTERMAN, Land Agent, 98 Government st.
au13 1w

UNDERTAKING.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING a complete stock on hand, is now prepared to execute any order therewith, on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.
The Trade supplied.
R. LEWIS
au2

THE BRITISH COLONIST.

Thursday Morning, August 22, 1867.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED.

August 21.—Star Fly, Frigate, from San Francisco.

August 21.—Star Fly, Frigate, from New Westminster.

THE COLONIAL OFFICE LIST, 1867.—By Arthur N. Birch and William Robinson, of the Colonial Office.—A copy of this work has come to hand. Its historical and geographical features appear to have been selected from some of the many "universal gazettes" or dictionaries, and may be accepted as correct. Of the official list we can say little. So far as the colony is concerned it is, perhaps, tolerably accurate, although we notice that a Fraser river town appears as—"Lilloet, J. P." The names of several places are also wrongly spelled. A very correct map of the British Dominions accompanies the work. Mr Birch seems to have employed the time he did not require in the misadministration of the affairs of the Colony in compiling a portion of this work. Perhaps had he devoted the whole of his time to its preparation, the country would be in better circumstances to-day; but as the book is published as a speculation, and as the "esteemed Secretary of an esteemed Governor" received the half-pay of His Excellency (\$10,000) while the work was in course of preparation, we really think the profits ought to be turned into the Colonial Exchequer. About one-fourth of the work is occupied by advertisements: Fancy the Administrator of a great Colony publishing a catchpenny work and soliciting advertisements from "vulgar tradespeople!"

FORGERY.—A young Prussian, named C. B. Schlössinger, from Portland, Oregon, yesterday presented a check for \$300, purporting to be signed by the wholesale firm of Julius Grunbaum & Co., Wharf street, at the Bank of British North America. The check was paid by the teller. Shortly after Schlössinger had left the bank, Mr Grunbaum came in to have his bank book written up, which, being done, he demurred to the \$300 entry. The check was produced and at once pronounced a forgery, although cleverly done. The police were at once notified, and he was tracked to Wilson's clothing store, where he had purchased \$45 worth of clothing a few minutes before. It was subsequently ascertained that he engaged passage in an Italian fisherman's boat for Washington Territory, but after sailing a short distance he was taken to shore again; his request was complied with and he disappeared in the direction of Esquimaux. Parties were out all last night searching for Schlössinger, who is a short, spare man, wears gold spectacles and speaks broken English. He has been in town about four weeks, during which time he gratified himself into the confidence of Mr Grunbaum and others by professing to be connected with a German paper at Portland for which he collected sums of money for subscriptions. Mr Peakes, on behalf of the Bank, offers \$100 reward for his arrest.

NEW COAL DEPOT FOR ENGLISH STEAMERS. The island of Opara, in the Pacific Ocean, has been selected as a coaling depot for the New Zealand and Australian line of steamships. Opara Island lies in about 27° 30' south latitude, and 147° degrees west longitude, and is about ten days' steam from Wellington. Its circumference is about sixteen miles. The island lies high, the scenery is pretty, and excellent water can be obtained. One side is formed of a valuable petroleum slate, called "coal" by the natives. The native population, consisting of about 1500 persons, are of a friendly disposition, and were delighted at the Kaikoura's visit. Although the establishment of a coaling station on the island is important, as being likely to insure more punctuality in the delivery of the mails, it will also be of benefit to Australia and New Zealand by opening up the South Sea trade, which is yet in its infancy. Opara is only some 650 miles distant from Tahiti, and the produce of a large number of the most important of the islands, much of which, from its perishable nature, requires quick transportation, can be brought to the island, and thence conveyed by the Panama steamers to Australia and New Zealand. The Sandwich Islands are three thousand miles distant from Opara.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.—It may not be generally known that at the next election for Municipal officers every ratepayer—be he subject or foreigner—(always excepting Chinamen, which we think unjust, provided they can read English and subscribe to the *news papers*) will have a vote. The benefits that flow from a well-managed city government are manifest in the improvements in progress on every side; and we are not acquainted with a citizen who now objects to contribute his *quota* towards its support. The machinery is in complete running order and works well. Let us maintain it in a state of efficiency by looking well to the characters of those whom we elect to represent us, and pledges should be reserved until the candidates are all in the field.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Glasgow Herald* states that, being lately in want of an apprentice, he received an application from a boy who presented the following certificate of character, written and signed by the master of a large school in Glasgow: "I have much pleasure in certifying that the Bearer has attended our Schools for a number of Years, that I have always found him a Very diligent and attentive boy. He is of frank and obliging disposition. He is a good reader and writer he goes the length of reduction in Arithmetic His parents are most respectable."

MONUMENT TO CAPT. COOK.—A monument to the famous navigator who perished at Keakakea Bay, is about being erected on the spot where he fell. The base is 26 by 18 ft.; the body of the monument, 16 by 8 ft., bearing upon the side the said stone tablet, with an appropriate inscription; the height of the whole, 16 feet. It is to be built of the lava stone found on the spot. The structure will be surrounded by an ornamental iron fence.

The Isabel has towed the ship *Anra* Dorothea and bark *Australid* to Burrard Inlet.

In Cornwall, its mines and miners," it is stated that for a long time in the early history of tin mining, the mines of Cornwall appear to have been in the hands of the Jews. They became possessors of them chiefly by taking them as securities for loans granted to the early Dukes of Cornwall, and at several periods when the Jews were hotly persecuted, those engaged in tinning were particularly exempted.

THE LOSS OF THE STEAMER TRANSPORT.—The commission before Mr Peakes in this matter closed its labors yesterday, after a session of fifteen days. Twenty-two witnesses were examined by both parties. The evidence taken is very voluminous and will be forwarded next steamer to the District Court of California, to be used on the trial which will likely take place early in October next.

The foolish old lady who gave home, the spiritualist, \$24,000 and adopted him as her son and heir, has repented of her choice and thrown him into Whitecross prison for debt, he having declined to return the money. The old woman, who appears to have considerable more money than brains, avers that she has been swindled.

The population of the Sandwich Islands, according to a census taken in 1856, is 62,959. The foreigners foot up 4,193. The Chinese number 1205, and four-fifths of the remainder are Americans. The native population has decreased 14,000 in fourteen years.

RELIEF FOR NEW WESTMINSTERIANS.—The mosquito-bedecked denizens of New Westminster may keep those troublesome insects out of their rooms by scattering the oil of pennyroyal about in small quantities.

CONSULAR VISIT.—Hon. Allen Francis, American Consul at this port, paid a visit to H.M.S. *Zealous* yesterday noon, and was received with a customary salute from the "barkers" of the ironclad.

It is said the East Coast will send to market this year not fewer than 300 head of beef cattle of Island raising, valued at \$14,000. Not so bad for the infant settlements located on that fertile belt of country.

THE FLY sailed at 12 o'clock yesterday for New Westminster. She had 90 tons of freight and a few passengers. She will be due here to-night or to-morrow morning.

FRED. FAYNE has removed his Cheap Shaving Shop to the opposite side of Johnson street, just above the Miner's Saloon.

AT GUS KEYSER'S—"Man's Companion" and "IXL"—two choice brands of Tobacco, just received per steamer *Ataria*.

FOR COLDS, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, and all affections of the Lungs, take AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which is sure to cure them.

IF you wish the very best CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS, you must call on BRADLEY & ROLFSON, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

VICTORIA RIFLE CORPS.—First Class firing, Tuesday and Friday, at 4 p. m. By order, J. Gordon VINTNER, Lieut. and Adj.

THE PEOPLE'S FRIEND. PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.

The Greatest Family Medicine of the age. Taken internally, it cures sudden colds, coughs, etc., weak stomach, general debility, nursery sore mouth, canker, liver complaint, dyspepsia or indigestion, cramp and pain in the stomach, bowel complaint, painter's colic, Asiatic cholera, diarrhoea and dysentery. APPLIED EXTERNALLY, cures fevers, boils and old sores, severe burns and scalds, cuts, bruises and sprains, swollen joints, ringworm and tetter, broken breasts, frost-bite and chilblains, toothache, pain in the face, neuralgia and rheumatism. IT IS A SURE REMEDY FOR A AND CHILLS AND FEVER.

What is your ailment?—A hundred varieties of disease may be traced to the stomach. For each and all of them, common sense suggests that the medicine which restores that organ to its full vigor, is the true remedy. If common sense demands what that remedy is, experience answers, Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills. CATHARTIC are rarely, but nine-tenths of them give only temporary relief, and many are dangerous. It is better to let dyspepsia have its way, than to attempt its cure with mercury. The safe and certain remedy is, Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills, which owe their efficacy solely to vegetable extracts. If the liver is wrong, they put it right; if the bowels are clogged with obstructions, they remove them; if the stomach is incapable of perfect digestion, they impart to it the required tone and vitality. They are put up in glass vials, and will keep in any climate. In cases arising from, or aggravated by, impure blood, Bristol's Sassafras should be used in connection with the Pills.

THE Progress of a Luxury.—For thirty years the fashion of wearing hats has been spreading with a rapidity that has no parallel in the history of all other toilet articles in the United States, it passed to the Southern Peninsula, and thence to all Spanish America, continental and Insular. When California became a State, she demanded it; and then Australia received it. With every civilized community in the Western world its name is a household word, its fragrance and refreshing power a household blessing, and its use a reputation extends, it is likely to extend to wherever an exquisite toilet perfume is appreciated. Purchasers are requested to see that the words "FLORENCE WATSON, MANHATTAN AND LEXINGTON, No. 20, Water Street, New York," are stamped in the glass on each bottle. Without this none is genuine.

WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST, NOW READY, AND FOR SALE AT THE BOOK STORES.

INSURANCE AGENCY. MARINE—Pacific Insurance Company, San Francisco. FIRE—Imperial Insurance Company, London.

LIFE—City of Glasgow Assurance Company, Glasgow. For Rates of Premium, apply to J. ROBERTSON STEWART, Agent.

Wharf street, Victoria, B. C., 1867. au6 & w 17

JULIUS GRUNBAUM, Importer and Wholesale Dealer in THE BEST BRANDS OF French Brandies, Wines AND LIQUORS.

Wharf street, next to the Corner of Yates Street, VICTORIA, V. I. au22 1m

Auction Sales.

AUCTION

Monday, Aug. 26th,

AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

J. A. M'CREA

WILL SELL

AT SALESROOM

Wharf street,

To Close Various Invoices,

Sundry Lots of

GROceries

AND

Provisions,

Particulars hereafter

N. B.—Parties wishing to put goods in this Sale will please give early notice.

au20

SANDWICH ISLAND SUGAR.

700 KEES NOM. 1 & 2.

HENRY NATHAN, JUNR. & CO.,

Wharf street.

Henry Nathan, Jr. & Co.

OFFER FOR SALE

HENNESSY, MARTELL & SAZERAC

BRANDY—In qr casks.

HENNESSY & MARTELL—In case.

OLD TOM—Swaine, Boord & Co., in

bulk and case.

RUM—Best Jamaica, 30 over-proof.

GIN—Anchor Brand, J. D. K. Z., in

Red and Green cases, and in bulk

PORT—Hunt's 4-Diamond, bulk and

case.

SHERRY—Duff Gordon's.

WHISKY, ALE, PORTER, LIQUEURS,

BITTERS, CORDIALS, &c., &c.

Candles, Coal Oil, Sardines, Olive Oil,

Vinegar, Lard, Raisins, Dried Apples

and Peaches, Tobacco, Yeast Powders,

Rice, Butter, Syrup (in barrels & kegs),

Tea (U. S.), Coffee, Pio Fruits, Figs,

Starch, Beef, Pork, Corn Meal, Pickles,

Sauces, &c., &c.

CASE GOODS—A full assortment!

Dry Paints, Paint Oil, Canvas, Twine

Assorted, Fish Lines, Lead, Shot,

Chamois Skins, Buggy Robes, Flints,

Grain Sacks, Muskets,

Prints, Inverness Capes, Vests, Hats,

Collars, &c., &c.

SHOE THREAD—Barbour's, No. 10,

bleached and unbleached, &c.

HOUSES FOR RENT

Apply to

HENRY NATHAN, Jr. & Co.,

Wharf street.

THOMAS HARRIS. JOHN MURRAY

VICTORIA.

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS,

Butchers & General Dealers

in Meats & Vegetables.

SUPERIOR ISLAND FED MEAT ALWAYS

ON HAND.

NAVY MESSES,

FAMILIES, HOTELS and SHIPPING supplied upon

short notice with the best of Meats, on reasonable terms.

All Goods delivered free of charge.

July 1, 1867. Jyl 2p

The Vancouver Coal Mining

AND

LAND COMPANY, LIMITED.

ORDERS WILL BE EXECUTED AT

NANAIMO at the following rates:

For Coal — \$6 50

„ Dress or Slack — 2 50

Per Ton of 2240 lbs.

Payments to be made either in cash on delivery at

Nanaimo, or by previous deposit to the Vancouver Coal

Mining and Land Company's credit, with the bank of

British Columbia.

CHARLES S. NICOL,

Manager.

Money to Loan.

AT LOW RATES, ON FIRST-CLASS

Securities.

Apply to

A. ALLSOP,

Government street,

Near Broughton.

Jyl 2p

Auction Sales.

J. P. DAVIES & Co

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Saleroom Fireproof Stone Building, Wharf Street near Yates.

Cash advances made on Consignments.

NOTICE.

In connection with our Real Estate business, we have had made, by competent Surveyors, two large Maps, each 6 feet square, of the City of Victoria together with the Suburban Property, &c., &c.; also, a large Map of Esquimaux and the surrounding Property.

fe25

CLOSING OUT SALE,

On a Liberal Credit.

Cattle & Sheep

J. P. DAVIES & Co.

Have been instructed to sell

AT THE

Cattle Sale Yard,

FORT STREET

Saturday, Aug. 24th,

At 12 O'CLOCK, NOON.

FIRST-CLASS

CATTLE & SHEEP

The Stock of a Grazier retiring from Business

80 to 100 Head Horned Cattle

2 and 3-year old Fat Steers

2 and 3-year old Heifers

Cows, Calves & Yearlings

Breeding Rams, Ewes & Lambs.

ALSO,

1 Thorough-bred Imported Bull

2 3-year old Heifers

1 White Cow

4 Hogs

GESE, TURKEYS & CHICKENS

TERMS:

All sums under \$200, cash; Over \$200 and under \$400, 30 days; over \$400 and under \$600, 60 days; over \$600, 90 days, on approved indorsed notes.

THE Auctioneers would call the attention of the Trade to the above Sale as being a Superior line of Staple Goods, and well worthy their attention.

ALSO

J. P. DAVIES & Co.,

Auctioneers.

For Account of whom it may concern,

To pay charges

One Wagon

au20

ALSO

23 head one and two year old Heifers and Steers

AND

One LARGE SIZE BAY HORSE, works well in Harness.

au22

J. P. DAVIES,

Auctioneer.

au13

The Quintette Orchestra,

A COLLECTION OF

Quadrilles, Waltzes, Polkas, Contra-

Dances, Polka Redowas, Shottisches,

Mazourkas, and Serenade

Pieces

ARRANGED FOR

TWO VIOLINS, CLARINET, CORNET & BASS

IN FIVE BOOKS,

(One for Each Instrument.)

Price of the Set, complete, SIX DOLLARS.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Publishers. Boston.

1331 u c

BONDED WAREHOUSE

Messrs GREILEY & FITZGERE

having bonded one of their Fire-Proof Stone

Cellars, on Wharf street, are now prepared to receive

Goods on Storage at the lowest rates.

For Particulars apply at

THEIR STORE,

Wharf street.

Jyl 2p

Auction Sales.

J. P. DAVIES & Co.

Have received instructions to sell

AT SALESROOM

Wharf street,

ON A LIBERAL CREDIT,

Tuesday, Aug. 27th,

AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.

A Straight Invoice of

Staple Clothing

AND

Dry Goods,

Ex Stmr ACTIVE from San Francisco

For Account of San Francisco Owners

Clothing

Men and Boys' Cass, Pants

Duck and Cottonade Pants

Inverness Capes

Business and Other Coats

Suits in Variety—Vests—Overalls

Underclothing

Crimean and Baltic Shirts

Grey Overshirts

Blue Serge Double-back Shirts, in and out of bond

White and Colored Shirts, Men & Boys

Undershirts and Drawers

Woolen and Black Scarfs

German Town Socks

Mens' & Boys' French

Cass. Hats

ALSO

Prints & White Calicoes

&c. &c. &c.

TERMS:

All sums under \$200, cash; over \$200 and under \$400, 30 days; over \$400 and under \$600, 60 days; over \$600, 90 days, on approved indorsed notes.

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au22

